Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Table of Contents For the years ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Of the Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Carmel Valley, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (Agency) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors of the Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Carmel Valley, California Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Badawi & Associates, CPAs Oakland, California

February 8, 2019

SALINAS VALLEY BASIN GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY AGENCY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

The Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (Agency) is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) established in 2017 under California's Sustainable Groundwater Management Act. The Agency was formed for the purpose of achieving groundwater sustainability in the Salinas Valley Groundwater Basin. The Ageny is tasked with developing a comprehensive groundwater sustainability plan by 2020 and implementing the plan to achieve basin sustainability by 2040. This is the first year of financial operations.

The effort to comply with the Groundwater Management Act began in 2015 with a stakeholder assessment. The Joint Powers agreement went into effect on December 26, 2016, and the inaugural meeting of the initial Board of Directors was March 9, 2017. On August 10, 2017, the Agency Board approved a contract with Regional Government Services (RGS) for management services. The Permanent Board of Directors was sworn in on October 12, 2017. The JPA was formed by the County of Monterey, Water Resources Agency of the County of Monterey, City of Salinas, City of Gonzales, City of Soledad, City of King, Castroville Community Services District, and Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency. It is governed by 11 Directors as follows: 1 from City of Salinas, 1 from South County Cities, 1 Other GSA Eligible Entity, 1 CPUC Regulated Water Co., 4 from Agriculture, 1 from Environment, and 1 member of the public.

All agency administration is outsourced to RGS which provides all staff and systems necessary for the operation of the Agency.

This section of the annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of Agency's financial performance during the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with Agency's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenues for the year were \$1,146,210 of which the JPA member agencies contributed \$1,145,000, 100% of their commitments
- Total expenses of \$683,959 compare favorably to the budget of \$1,045,206.
- The Agency ended the year with a fund balance of \$462,251, which is the Net Income for the year.
- During fiscal year 2017-2018 the Agency was awarded a Prop 1 DWR Grant in the amount of \$1,500,000, of which nothing had been claimed as of June 30.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the financial statements, and required supplementary information.

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and necessarily include amounts based upon reliable estimates and judgments. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are included along with Notes to the Financial Statements to clarify unique accounting policies and financial information.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the agency's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities.

SALINAS VALLEY BASIN GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY AGENCY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Agency reports its activities as a governmental fund. A governmental fund uses the modified accrual accounting for its activities. The changes in net position presented on the Statement of Activities are on an accrual basis. For the current year, there were no reconciling differences between the Agency's general fund and the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

	<u>2018</u>
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	736.367
Accounts receivable	-
Prepaid expenses	3,185
Total Assets	739,552
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	277,301
Total Liabilities	277,301
Net Position	
Unrestricted	462,251

Assets

The cash and investments balance reflect funds on deposit at the agency's bank and invested at CalTrust. Investment balances are maximized to achieve the greatest amount of investment income while also preserving sufficient liquidity to meet routine obligations. Prepaid expense reflect the unamortized costs of items paid in full when purchased.

Liabilities

The only liabilities the agency has are routine monthly vendor invoices. Bills are paid twice per month and the balance showing represents invoices incurred during the fiscal year but not paid until the following month.

Agency has no long-term debt.

Net Position

Agency's unrestricted net position are available to fund ongoing future expenses.

SALINAS VALLEY BASIN GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY AGENCY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

	2018
Operating Revenues:	
Member contributions	1,145,000
Investment income	1,210
Total Revenue	1,146,210
Operating Expenses:	
Administrative Services	266,068
Groundwater Sustainability Plan	288,654
Other expenditures	129,237
Total Operating Expenses	683,959
Operating Income (Loss)	462,251
Beginning Net Position	-
Ending Net Position	462,251

Revenues

The agency operating revenues reflect the member contributions budget of \$1,450,000 as well as investment earnings.

Expenses

The agency's operating expenses fall into three major categories: Administrative Services costs from RGS; Groundwater Sustainability plan vendor costs; and other expenses such as legal, grant writing, and other routine JPA operating expenses. The savings in budgeted expenditures is due to the fact that the agency did not begin expending funds until August 2018, and then began to spend slowly as the Agency geared up to full operations.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

Questions concerning the information provided in this discussion and analysis and MSA's financial statements should be addressed to:

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Richard H. Averett, Treasurer PO Box 1350 Carmel Valley, CA 93924 831-308-1508 This page intentionally left blank

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and investments Prepaid items	\$ 736,367 3,185
Total assets	739,552
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	277,301
Total liabilities	277,301
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	462,251
Total net position	\$ 462,251

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Program Revenues Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions Total						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities: Groundwater sustainability Total primary government	\$	683,959 683,959	\$	<u>-</u>	- \$ 1,145,000 \$ 1,145,000		1,145,000 1,145,000	\$	461,041 461,041		
					Inves Tot	ral revenues: tment incom al general re unge in net p	e venu ositio	on		1,210 1,210 462,251	
				Net position - beginning of year Net position - end of year					\$	462,251	

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency

Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2018

ASSETS

Cash and investments Prepaid items	\$ 736,367 3,185
Total assets	\$ 739,552
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 277,301
Total liabilities	 277,301
Fund Balances:	
Unassigned	 462,251
Total fund balances	462,251
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 739,552

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the General Fund to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances for the General Fund	\$ 462,251
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
There were no reconciling differences for fiscal year 2018.	
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 462,251

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	
Member contributions	\$ 1,145,000
Investment income	 1,210
Total revenues	 1,146,210
EXPENDITURES:	
Current - Groundwater sunstainability:	
Administrative services	266,068
Groundwater sustainability plan	288,654
Other expenditures	 129,237
Total expenditures	 683,959
Net change in fund balances	462,251
FUND BALANCES:	
Beginning of year	_
End of year	\$ 462,251

Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the General Fund to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2018

Net Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	\$ 462,251
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
There were no reconciling differences for fiscal year 2018.	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 462,251

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency is a Local Agency tasked with the developing a comprehensive groundwater sustainability plan by 2020 and implementing the plan to achieve basin sustainability by 2040. The Agency Board is governed by an eleven-member Board of Directors. The Board meets monthly to implement the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act in the Salinas Valley Groundwater Basin. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (the Agency) in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

A. Relationship to the Regional Government Services Authority

The Regional Government Services Authority provides administrative and accounting services for the Agency and acts in a fiduciary capacity for the Agency. The Agency's activities are accounted for in its own set of financial statements.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the Agency are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

Government - wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. The Agency has no fiduciary activities. Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Government - wide Financial Statements, Continued

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term liabilities are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financial source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements for the Agency's governmental fund are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about the Agency's major fund.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measureable and available as net current assets. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The Agency uses an availability period of 60 days.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and availability criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Member contributions and investment income associated with the current period are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed nonexchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unavailable revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by noncurrent receivables is deferred until they become current receivables. Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables are offset by nonspendable fund balance.

Due to the nature of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as government fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term liabilities are recorded as other financing sources rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

C. Activities in Major Fund

The following fund is presented as a major fund in the accompanying basic financial statements:

General Fund – all revenues have been accounted for in this fund. Expenditures of this fund include general operating expenses.

D. Net Position

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. The Agency did not have any amount reported in this category as of June 30, 2018 as the Agency did not have any capital assets as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments. The Agency did not have any amount reported in this category as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position" as defined above.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the Agency's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

E. Fund Balances

Fund Financial Statements

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The new classification of fund balances is as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balances

These include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, e.g., the principal of an endowment fund. Examples of "not in spendable form" include inventory, prepaid amounts, long-term notes and loans, property held for resale and other items not expected to be converted to cash. However, if the proceeds from the eventual sale or liquidation of the items would be considered restricted, committed or assigned (as defined further on) then these amounts would be included in the restricted, committed or assigned instead of the nonspendable classification. A debt service reserve fund held by a trustee is an example of fund balance in nonspendable form that is classified as restricted instead of nonspendable since the reserve is eventually liquidated to make the final debt service principal payment.

Restricted Fund Balances

Restricted fund balances have externally enforceable limitations on use. The limitations on use can be imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors as well as by constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, laws and government regulations.

Committed Fund Balances

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (Resolution) of the Board are classified as committed fund balances.

Assigned Fund Balances

Fund balance amounts for which the Board has expressed intent for use but not taken formal action to commit are reported as assigned under GASB 54.

Unassigned Fund Balance

These are either residual positive net resources of the General Fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories, or negative balances.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

G. New Pronouncements

In 2018, the Agency adopted new accounting standards in order to conform to the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements:

- GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions The objective of this statement is to address reporting by governments that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the Agency for the current fiscal year.
- GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the Agency for the current fiscal year.
- GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus* 2017 The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The requirements of this statement did not apply to the Agency for the current fiscal year
- GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues The objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the Agency for the current fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2018 are reported as follows:

Cash on hand and in the banks	\$ 30,157
Money Market Account	205,176
CalTrust Funds	501,034
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 736,367
General Fund	\$ 736,367
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 736,367

A. Cash in Bank

The carrying amount of the Agency's cash is covered by federal depository insurance up to \$250,000. Should deposits exceed the insured limits, the balance is covered by collateral held by the bank in accordance with California law requiring the depository bank to hold collateral equal to 110% of the excess government funds on deposit. California law also allows institutions to secure Agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Agency's total cash deposits.

B. CalTRUST Investment Pool

The Agency is a voluntary participant in the Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST), a public joint powers agency formed to pool and invest the funds of public agencies. CalTRUST invests in fixed-income securities eligible for investment pursuant to California Government Code Sections 53601 and 53635. Investment guidelines adopted by the board of Trustees may further restrict the types of investments that are held by the Trust. Leveraging within the Trust's portfolios is prohibited. The fair value of the Agency's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Agency's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by CalTRUST for the entire CalTRUST portfolio.

C. Fair Value Measurements

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. None of the Agency's investments were subject to levelling disclosure. The Agency's investments were not subject to levelling disclosure.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

		Investment Maturities (in years)									
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 year or Less	_			3 years		4 years		5 years or More	
Money Market Account	\$ 205,176	\$ 205,176	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	-	
CalTrust Funds	501,034	501,034								_	
Total	\$ 706,210	\$ 706,210	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	

Tours of the soul Made william (the sound)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy contains certain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There were no investments other than the State Investment Pool in any issuer that represents 5% or more of the City's total investments as of June 30, 2018.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. None of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Budget Comparison Schedule For the year ended June 30, 2018

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Agency adopted an annual budget prepared on the modified accrual basis for the General Fund, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule, General Fund

							V	ariance with
								Final Budet
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Positive	
	Original		Actual		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Member contributions	\$	1,145,000	\$	1,145,000	\$	1,145,000	\$	-
Investment income		_		200		1,210		1,010
Total revenues		1,145,000		1,145,200		1,146,210		1,010
EXPENDITURES:								
Current - Groundwater sunstainability:								
Administrative services		382,224		255,500		266,068		(10,568)
Groundwater sustainability plan		228,000		424,006		288,654		135,352
Other expenditures	_	434,982		365,700	_	129,237		236,463
Total expenditures		1,045,206		1,045,206		683,959		361,247
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		99,794		99,994		462,251		362,257
Net change in fund balances		99,794		99,994		462,251		362,257
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year								
End of year					\$	462,251		

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